PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EX	AMINING AUTHORIT	Y		
To: TIMOTHY E. NIEDNAGEL BARNES & THORNBURG		PCT		
11 SOTUH MERIDIAN STREE' INDIANAPOLIS IN 46204	•	WRITTEN OPINION		
		(PCT Rule 66)		
		Date of Mailing (day/month/year) 20 AUG 2001		
Applicant's or agent's file reference 7175-64836		REPLY DUE within ONE months from the above date of mailing		
International application No.	International filing dat	e (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)	
PCT/US99/17877	06 AUGUST 1999		07 AUGUST 1998	
International Patent Classification (IPC) IPC(7):A 61F 13/00 and US Cl.: 60		ication and IPC		
Applicant HENLEY, ALAN WAYNE				
- Grot				
 This written opinion is the <u>first</u> This opinion contains indications re 			tional Preliminary Examining Authority.	
I X Basis of the opinion		•		
II Priority	-	_		
III Non-establishment of	opinion with regard to	novelty, inventive ste	p or industrial applicability	
IV Lack of unity of inver				
	nder Rule 66.2(a)(ii) wit ions supporting such sta		inventive step or industrial applicability;	
VI Certain documents cit	ed .			
VII X Certain defects in the	international application	ı .		
VIII Certain observations	on the international app	lication		
3. The applicant is hereby invited to re	ply to this opinion.			
	licated above. The appli n-extension., see Rule 6		expiration-of-that-time-limit,-request-this	
How? By submitting a written reply, accompanied, where appropriate, by amendments, according to Rule 66.3. For the form and the language of the amendments, see Rules 66.8 and 66.9.				
Also For an additional opportunity to submit amendments, see Rule 66.4. For the examiner's obligation to consider amendments and/or arguments, see Rule 66.4 bis.				
For an informal communication with the examiner, see Rule 66.6. If no reply is filed, the international preliminary examination report will be established on the basis of this opinion.				
4. The final date by which the international preliminary examination report must be established according to Rule 69.2 is: 07 DECEMBER 2000				
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/ Commissioner of Patents and Tradem Box PCT		KIM MARIE LEWIS Diane Smith		
Washington, D.C. 20231			,	
Telephone No. (703) 305-3250 Telephone No. (703) 308-1191				

Form PCT/IPEA/408 (cover sheet) (July 1998)*

WRITTEN OPINION

International application No.

PCT/US99/17877

I. B	asis of t	he opinion	Market Control of the	
1. With	regard to	the elements of the interna	tional application:*	
X		rnational application as	originally filed	
		cription:	•	
х	pages		·	, as originally filed
	-	NONE		, filed with the demand
	pages	MONTE	, filed with the letter of	
X	the cla		·	, as originally filed
	pages .		, as amended (together with a	ny statement) under Article 19
•		NONE		, filed with the demand
	pages		, filed with the letter of	
X	the dra			, as originally filed
	pages	- NOW		, filed with the demand
	pages .		, filed with the letter of	
	pages .	NONE	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
х	the seq	uence listing part of the	description:	
تت	nages	NONE		, as originally filed , filed with the demand
	pages	NONE		, filed with the demand
	pages	NONE	, filed with the letter of	
	the lan	guage of publication of a	rnished for the purposes of international sear the international application (under Rule 48.3 ished for the purposes of international preliminary e	(b)).
3. W	ith regard awn on th	to any nucleotide and/or and basis of the sequence list	arnino acid sequence disclosed in the international ing:	application, the written opinion was
	contair	ned in the international a	application in printed form.	
			ional application in computer readable form.	!
		-	Authority in written form.	•
			Authority in computer readable form.	
	l The ct	atement that the subsequentional application as filed	ently furnished written sequence listing does n	ot go beyond the disclosure in the
	The sta	atement that the information	on recorded in computer readable form is identicated	al to the writen sequence listing has
. Г	1	mendments have resulted	d in the cancellation of:	•
4. X	' ——		NONE	
	풉	the description, pages	NONE	
		the claims, Nos.		
I _	_LXI	the drawings, sheets/fig	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	since they have been considered to so
5.	This of beyon	pinion has been drawn as nd the disclosure as filed, a	if (some of) the amendments had not been made as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(since they have been considered to go c)).
* Rej	placemen this opini	t sheets which have been fu on as "originally filed".	rnished to the receiving Office in response to an in	nitation under Article 14 are referred to

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v.	Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial	applicability;
	citations and explanations supporting such statement	

1. statement

Novelty (N)	Claims Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet) (Please See supplemental sheet)	YES
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet) (Please See supplemental sheet)	YES NO
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet) (Please See supplemental sheet)	YES

2. citations and explanations

Claims 1, 17, 36 and 38 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Westaby et al. Claims 1, 17, and 36 Westaby et al. anticipates a wound irrigation device comprising a bandage configured to cover a wound (10) and to seal about the perimeter and providing a cavity over the wound, a fluid supply and a fluid drainage and fluid delivery and fluid drainage tubing.

Claim 58, although not stated it is inherent in the disclosure that a receptacle of some sort is connected to the fluid drainage line in order to collect the fluid drained from the wound.

Claims 3, 12-15, 21, 22, 37 and 39 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Westby et al. Claims 3 and 37, Westaby et al. teach that hydrogen peroxide may be supplied to wound. Westaby et al. fail to teach a liquid medication pump is coupled to the fluid supply. The examiner contends that the addition of medication to a patient intravenously or directly to a wound site via a pump is well known and modifying Westaby with a liquid medication pump would have been routine within the level of one having ordinary skill in the art. Claims 12, 13, 14, 15, 21 and 22 the dependent claims do not appear to contain any additional features, which in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, add anything new or novel. More specifically, a pressure sensor, pressure sensor controller, and a display are well known features in the art, and the addition of such to a prior art device would only require routine skill in the art. Claim 39, Westaby et al. fail to teach a bendable wire in the tubing. Absent a critical teaching and a showing of unexpected results derived from the usage of such, the examiner contends that the bendable wire is an obvious design choice.

Claim 4 lacks an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Westaby et al. in view of Harvey. Claim 4, Westaby et al. fail to teach a vacuum pump connected to the (Continued on Supplemental Sheet.)

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VII.	Certain	defects	in	the	international	application
* **	Cor taim	delects	***	ciic	ILICI LATIVIAL	application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:

The description is objected to as containing the following defect(s) under PCT Rule 66.2(a)(iii) in the form or contents thereof: page 8, line 22 "nebulizer output port 28" was previously designated with reference character 30; on page 10, the applicant designates "68" as a water trap, then refers to is as a pressure sensor on page 11; and on page 11, line 29, "selector valve 60" should read "selector valve 58".

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Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: Boxes I - VIII

Sheet 10

TIME LIMIT:

The time limit set for response to a Written Opinion may not be extended. 37 CFR 1.484(d). Any response received after the expiration of the time limit set in the Written Opinion will not be considered in preparing the International Preliminary Examination Report.

V. 1. REASONED STATEMENTS:

The opinion as to Novelty was positive (YES) with respect to claims 2-16, 18-35, 37 and 39-44.

The opinion as to Novelty was negative (NO) with respect to claims 1, 17, 36 and 38.

The opinion as to Inventive Step was positive (YES) with respect to claims 2, 5-8,16, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24-35 and 40-44.

The opinion as to Inventive Step was negative (NO) with respect to claims 1, 3, 4, 9-15, 17, 21, 22, 36-38, 39.

The opinion as to Industrial Applicability was positive (YES) with respect to claims 1-44.

The opinion as to Industrial Applicability was negative (NO) with respect to claims NONE.

V. 2. REASONED STATEMENTS - CITATIONS AND EXPLANATIONS (Continued): fluid drainage. However, Harvey teaches it is well known to connect a vacuum pump to a fluid drainage line of a wound dressing in order to evacuate fluid from the wound. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify Westaby with the addition of a vacuum pump connected to the fluid drainage in order to evacuate fluid from the wound, as suggested by Harvey.

Claims 9-11 are an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Westaby et al. in view of Viesturs. Claim 9, Westaby et al.fail to teach an oxygen supply connected to the fluid supply. However, Viesturs teaches it is conventional in the art to connect an oxygen supply to the fluid supply of a wound dressing because of the healing effects associated with providing oxygen to body sores and wounds. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the dressing of Westaby with the addition of an oxygen supply connected to the fluid supply of a dressing because of the healing effects associated with providing oxygen to body sores and wounds. Claims 10 and 11, the addition of other healing fluids such as air, as well as various valving configurations for selecting one or more fluids to be supplied to the wound is also considered an obvious design choice to one having ordinary skill in the art.

Claims 2, 5-8, 16, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24-35, and 40-44 meet the criteria set out in PCT Article 33(2)-(4), because the prior art does not teach or fairly suggest a wound treatment apparatus comprising the limitations claimed by the instant invention.

- NEW CITATIONS -DE 28 09 828 A1 (WESTABY et al.) 21 September 1978, see Fig. 1.

以る4.969,881 A (VIESTURS) 13 November 1990, see the entire document.

US 3,568,675 A (HARVEY) 09 March 1971, see the entire document.